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UDC 547.926+661.729

The dry comminuted lichen *Thamnolia subuniformis* (Ehrh.) W. Culb, collected in August, 1975, in the Ten'kinskii region of Magadan oblast (133 g) was extracted with boiling petroleum ether (70-100°C). The extract obtained (dry weight of the residue 0.85 g) was chromatographed on a column of KSK silica gel (150-175 mesh). The chloroform petroleum ether (4:1  $\rightarrow$  10:1) system eluted 0.10 g of a product which, after rechromatography and recrystallization had mp 179.5-181.5°C (hexane),  $\left[\alpha\right]_{0}^{3^{2}}$ -28.2 (c 0.49; chloroform). Mass spectrum: 428 (M<sup>+</sup>); literature data [1]: mp 181.5-183°C,  $\left[\alpha\right]_{0}^{2^{2}}$  -29  $\pm$  3° (chloroform); [2]: mp 183-184°C,  $\left[\alpha\right]_{0}^{2}$  -23.9°;[3]: mp 177-183°C,  $\left[\alpha\right]_{0}^{2^{2}}$  -25.7° (acetone). NMR spectrum (CDC1<sub>3</sub>,  $\delta$  scale, ppm): 0.80-1.03 (18H), 3.92 (1H, multiplet), 5.15-5.22 (2H, multiplet), 6.37 (2H, quartet,  $\delta$  = 25 Hz, J = 8.44 Hz). IR spectrum (KBr): 3540, 3420, 1380, 1050, 975 cm<sup>-1</sup>. Acetate: mp 199.5-202°C (methanol-ethanol),  $\left[\alpha\right]_{0}^{2^{1}}$  -22.5° (c 0.55; chloroform): literature data [1]: mp 202.5-203.5°C,  $\left[\alpha\right]_{0}^{2^{2}}$  -23° (chloroform); [3]: mp 201-203°C (aqueous methanol). Mass spectrum: 470 (M<sup>+</sup>), 410, 392, 377, 376, 374, 285, 267, 251, 249. NMR spectrum (CDC1<sub>3</sub>,  $\delta$  scale, ppm): 0.81-1.04 (18H), 2.01 (3H, singlet), 4.97 (1H, multiplet), 6.37 (2H, quartet,  $\delta$  = 26.74 Hz, J = 8.44 Hz). IR spectrum (KBr): 1735, 1660, 1375, 1247, 1035, 990, 975 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

Thus, the compound isolated has been identified by the similarity of its physical constants to those given in the literature [1-3], and by the elementary analyses and NMR, IR, and mass spectra of the compound itself and of its acetate, as ergosterol peroxide [3-5].

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